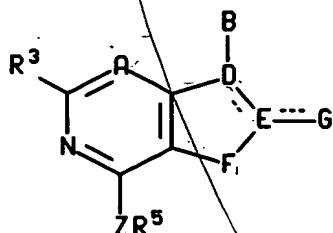
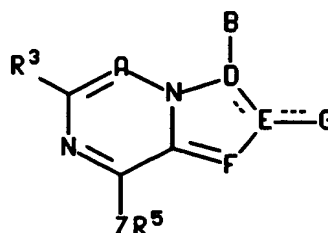


CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula

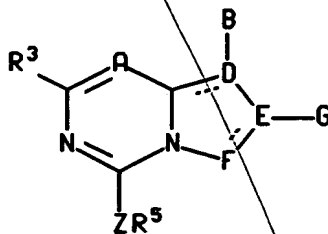


I



II

Or



III

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

the dashed lines represent optional double bonds;

A is nitrogen or CR<sup>7</sup>;

B is -NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>, -CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -C(=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>11</sup>)R<sup>1</sup>, -NHCR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -OCR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -SCR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>NHR<sup>1</sup>, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>OR<sup>1</sup>, -CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup>SR<sup>1</sup> or -COR<sup>2</sup>;

D is nitrogen and is single bonded to all atoms to which it is attached, or D is carbon and is either double bonded to E in formulas I and II or double bonded to the

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adjacent carbon atom common to both fused rings in formula III, or D is CH and is single bonded to E in formulas I and II;

E is nitrogen, CH or carbon;

F is oxygen, sulfur,  $\text{CHR}^4$  or  $\text{NR}^4$  when it is single bonded to E and F is  
5 nitrogen or  $\text{CR}^4$  when it is double bonded to E;

G, when single bonded to E, is hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkyl,  $-\text{S}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{O}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $\text{NH}_2$ ,  $-\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$  or  $-\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2 \text{ alkyl})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ , wherein each of the  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkyl groups of G may optionally be substituted with one hydroxy,  $-\text{O}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2 \text{ alkyl})$  or fluoro group; G, when double bonded to E, is oxygen, sulfur or NH; and G,  
10 when E is nitrogen and double bonded to D or F, is absent;

$\text{R}^1$  is hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or two substituents  $\text{R}^8$  independently selected from hydroxy, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkoxy,  $\text{CF}_3$ ,  $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{NHCO}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{COOH}$ ,  $-\text{COO}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{CONH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  
15  $-\text{CON}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{NO}_2$ ,  $-\text{SO}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{NH}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})$  and  $-\text{SO}_2\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2 \text{ alkyl})$ , wherein each of the  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkyl groups in the foregoing  $\text{R}^1$  groups may optionally contain one or two double or triple bonds;

$\text{R}^2$  is  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{12}$  alkyl which may optionally contain from one to three double or  
20 triple bonds, aryl or  $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkylene})\text{aryl}$ , wherein said aryl and the aryl moiety of said  $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkylene})\text{aryl}$  is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, indolyl, pyrrolopyridyl, oxazolyl and benzoxazolyl;  $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8$  cycloalkyl or  $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkylene})(\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkyl})$ , wherein one or two of the  
25 carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl and the 5 to 8 membered cycloalkyl moieties of said  $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkylene})(\text{C}_3\text{-C}_8 \text{ cycloalkyl})$  may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by  $\text{NZ}^2$  wherein  $\text{Z}^2$  is selected from hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkyl, benzyl and  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkanoyl, and wherein each of the foregoing  $\text{R}^2$  groups may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected  
30 from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$  alkyl, or with one substituent selected from bromo, iodo,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$  alkoxy,  $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkyl})$ ,  $-\text{OC}(=\text{O})\text{N}(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4 \text{ alkyl})(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_2$

alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), amino, -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-CO-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -NHCO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -COOH, -COO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CONH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -CON(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -SH, -CN, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -SO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl);

5        -NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or CR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>10</sup> may form a saturated 3 to 8 membered carbocyclic ring which may optionally contain from one to three double bonds and wherein one or two of the ring carbon atoms of such 5 to 8 membered rings may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>3</sup> wherein Z<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, benzyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkanoyl;

10        R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, -CN, -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) or -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) wherein each of the (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) moieties in the foregoing R<sup>3</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with one substituent R<sup>9</sup> selected from hydroxy, fluoro and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy);

each R<sup>4</sup> is, independently, hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo,  
15        hydroxy, cyano, amino, nitro, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, -CO(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)H or -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl), wherein each of the (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) moieties in the foregoing R<sup>4</sup> groups may optionally contain one or two double or triple bonds and may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from  
20        hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkoxy, dimethylamino, methylamino, ethylamino, -NHC(=O)CH<sub>3</sub>, fluoro, chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> thioalkyl, -CN, -COOH, -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) and -NO<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, naphthyl, thienyl, benzothienyl, pyridyl, quinolyl, pyrazinyl, furanyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl,  
25        benzimidazolyl, indolyl, benzoxazolyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl wherein one or two of the carbon atoms of said cycloalkyl rings that contain at least 5 ring members may optionally and independently be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom or by NZ<sup>4</sup> wherein Z<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or benzyl; and wherein each of the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups is substituted with from one to four substituents R<sup>12</sup> wherein one to three of said  
30        substituents may be selected, independently, from chloro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and one of said substituents may be selected from bromo, iodo, formyl, -CN,

-CF<sub>3</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -COOH, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -S(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl) and -SO<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl), and wherein each of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl moieties in the foregoing R<sup>5</sup> groups may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from fluoro, hydroxy, amino, methylamino, dimethylamino and acetyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl) -C(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -C(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl), -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl);

R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, methoxy or fluoro;

10 R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

Z is NH, oxygen, sulfur, -N(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), -NC(=O)(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl), NC(=O)O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>alkyl) or CR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> wherein R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently selected from hydrogen, trifluoromethyl and methyl with the exception that one of R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> can be cyano;

15 with the proviso that: (a) in the five membered rings of structures I, II and III, there can not be two double bonds adjacent to each other; and (b) when R<sup>4</sup> is attached to nitrogen, it is not halo, cyano or nitro;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of such compound.

2. A compound according to claim 1 wherein: R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, which may optionally be substituted with one hydroxy, fluoro, CF<sub>3</sub>, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy group and may optionally contain one double or triple bond; and R<sup>2</sup> is benzyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, which may optionally contain one double or triple bond, wherein said C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl and the phenyl moiety of said benzyl may optionally be substituted with one fluoro, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> alkoxy or chloro group.

25 3. A compound according to claim 1 wherein: R<sup>3</sup> is methyl, ethyl, chloro or methoxy; R<sup>4</sup> is methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; G is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, or E=G is C=O, C=S; R<sup>5</sup> is phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl which is substituted with more than two substituents independently selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, -O(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl), CF<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, -CHO, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl)-OH, CN, Cl, F, Br, I and  
30 NO<sub>2</sub>, wherein each of the foregoing (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkyl groups may optionally contain one double or triple bond.

4. A compound according to claim 1 wherein A is N, CH or CCH<sub>3</sub> which may optionally be substituted by fluoro, chloro, CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy.

5. A compound according to claim 1 having the formula I.

6. A compound according to claim 1 having the formula II.

5 7. A compound according to claim 1 having the formula III.

8. A compound according to claim 1 wherein F is NR<sup>4</sup>.

9. A compound according to claim 1 wherein F is CHR<sup>4</sup>.

10. A compound according to claim 1 wherein F is nitrogen and is double bonded to E.

10 11. A compound according to claim 1 wherein F is sulfur.

12. A compound according to claim 1 wherein E is carbon.

13. A compound according to claim 1 wherein E is nitrogen.

14. A compound according to claim 1 wherein E is NR<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>25</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl or -CF<sub>3</sub>.

15 15. A compound according to claim 1 that is selected from:

2,5,6-trimethyl-7-(1-propylbutyl)-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)-7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidine;

1-(1-ethylpropyl)-6-methyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenylamino)-1,3-dihydro-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-one;

20 9-(1-ethylpropyl)-2-methyl-6-(2,4,6-trimethylphenylamino)-7,9-dihydro-purin-8-one;

1-(1-ethylpropyl)-6-methyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)-1,3-dihydro-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-one;

25 1-(1-ethylpropyl)-6-methyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)-1H-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridine;


1-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,6-dimethyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)-1,3-dihydro-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-one; and

1-(1-ethylpropyl)-3,6-dimethyl-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenylamino)-1,3-dihydro-imidazo[4,5-c]pyridin-2-one.

30 16. A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment of which can be effected or facilitated by antagonizing CRF, including but

not limited to disorders induced or facilitated by CRF, or (b) a disorder selected from inflammatory disorders such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain, asthma, psoriasis and allergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder; hypertension; tachycardia; 5 congestive heart failure; sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent depression, child abuse induced depression, and postpartum depression; dysthemia; bipolar disorders; cyclothymia; fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer; irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease; spastic 10 colon; human immunodeficiency virus infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal diseases; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic stress; chemical dependencies and addictions; drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; ulcers; stress-induced psychotic episodes; euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate 15 antidiarrhetic hormone; obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage; excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions; muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; psychosocial dwarfism; and hypoglycemia in a mammal, comprising an 20 amount of a compound according to claim 1 that is effective in the treatment of such disorder, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

17. A method for the treatment of (a) a disorder the treatment of which can be effected or facilitated by antagonizing CRF, including but not limited to disorders induced or facilitated by CRF, or (b) a disorder selected from inflammatory disorders 25 such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, pain, asthma, psoriasis and allergies; generalized anxiety disorder; panic; phobias; obsessive-compulsive disorder; post-traumatic stress disorder; hypertension; tachycardia; congestive heart failure; sleep disorders induced by stress; pain perception such as fibromyalgia; mood disorders such as depression, including major depression, single episode depression, recurrent 30 depression, child abuse induced depression, and postpartum depression; dysthemia; bipolar disorders; cyclothymia; fatigue syndrome; stress-induced headache; cancer;



irritable bowel syndrome; Crohn's disease; spastic colon; human immunodeficiency virus infections; neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease; gastrointestinal disorders; eating disorders such as anorexia and bulimia nervosa; hemorrhagic stress; stress-induced psychotic episodes;

5 euthyroid sick syndrome; syndrome of inappropriate antidiarrhetic hormone; obesity; infertility; head traumas; spinal cord trauma; ischemic neuronal damage; excitotoxic neuronal damage; epilepsy; stroke; ulcers; immune dysfunctions including stress induced immune dysfunctions; muscular spasms; urinary incontinence; senile dementia of the Alzheimer's type; multiinfarct dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; chemical

10 dependencies and addictions; drug and alcohol withdrawal symptoms; psychosocial dwarfism; and hypoglycemia in a mammal, comprising administering to a subject in need of said treatment an amount of a compound according to claim 1, that is effective in treating such disorder.

add  
02

add  
C4